

2026/27

PTMNN

Application notes for new part-time students

We welcome applications in Welsh. This won't lead to a delay in our response. You can also apply online at www.studentfinancewales.co.uk

About these notes

These notes should be read with your Application form for new part-time students.

Returning your form

Send your completed form and any documents to:

Student Finance Wales
PO Box 211
Llandudno Junction
LL30 9FU

Timescale for returning your form

Your form should be returned within nine months of the start of your academic year, otherwise you may lose your entitlement to student finance.

Make sure you pay the correct postage.

Find out more

You can find out more information about part-time student finance by:

- going to www.studentfinancewales.co.uk
- reading our part-time guides
- speaking to your university or college
- calling us on **0300 200 4050**

Other information

Alternative formats

You can order forms and guides in Braille, large print or audio by emailing your name, address and Customer Reference Number, if you have one, along with what form and format you require to: brailleandlargefonts@slc.co.uk or you can call us on **0141 243 3686**. Please note the email address and telephone number can only deal with requests for alternative formats of forms and guides.

1 Your personal details

1.1 Customer Reference Number



Your Customer Reference Number is your personal reference number and is 11 digits long. You'll have one of these if you've previously had a student loan or any other student finance from the Student Loans Company Limited (SLC). You may also have one if you've given financial information for another student's application. If you don't have one, or don't know what your Customer Reference Number is, leave this blank.

1.2 Personal details



You need to send your:

- Change of name deed, if appropriate.
- Marriage/divorce certificate, if appropriate.
- Civil partnership/dissolution order, if appropriate.
- A final or conditional order, if appropriate.

1.3 National Insurance number



If you have a National Insurance number but don't provide it, payment of your loan(s) will be withheld and you'll have to fund your own tuition fees until you've resolved this.

You'll find your National Insurance number on any of the following:

- your National Insurance number card or letter; **or**
- a payslip; **or**
- an income tax document such as a P45 or P60.

If you've never been given a National Insurance number, leave the National Insurance number boxes blank. We'll contact you if you need to take any action to obtain a National Insurance number.

1.4 Identity evidence

If you've given your valid UK passport details you don't have to send any other evidence to confirm your identity.



If you don't have a valid UK passport you can send us a photocopy of your UK birth or adoption certificate.

If you're a non-UK national, we'll ask you for some identity information at section 3.

1 Your personal details continued

1.7 Relationship status



You are 'living with a partner' if you are sharing a home with your partner but you are not married or in a civil partnership. It does not matter whether you are of the same sex or of opposite sex.

If you've entered into an overseas civil partnership or an equivalent legal relationship with a same sex partner, we will contact you to let you know whether this will be recognised for student finance purposes.

2 Previous support and qualification history

2.2 Honours degree from UK educational institution



If you already hold an honours degree from a UK institution you may not be eligible for a Maintenance Loan, Tuition Fee Loan, Welsh Government Learning Grant or Grants for Dependants.

3 Residence

3.1 Where do you normally live when you're not studying?



If you have a British Forces Post Office address, you should give this. We use this address to make sure you're completing the correct student finance application.

3.2 UK national



If you have provided your UK passport information or birth certificate as part of section 1, you do not need to send any further evidence of your UK nationality.

Armed forces

If you, your parent(s) or partner are serving in the armed forces, you must apply for student finance in the UK country where you were ordinarily resident when you/they enlisted unless you permanently live in another area of the UK.

We can accept certified photocopies of your residency evidence, stamped with your unit stamp. You should use your BFPO address for all correspondence.

3.3 Irish citizen



If you answer 'Yes' to this question, you must send your ROI or EU passport.

If you hold a UK passport, you should provide your passport details in section 1 as you do not need to send further evidence of your nationality.

3 Residence – continued

3.4 Family member of a UK national



By family member, you must be the:

- husband, wife, civil partner;
- direct descendant

of a UK national.

A direct descendant is defined as the biological child, grandchild, great-grandchild and so on, of a person. For example, you are a direct descendant of your mother, your grandmother, your great-grandmother, and so on.



If you answer 'Yes' to this question, you must provide evidence to show you are the family member of a UK national by sending their passport.

You must also send proof of your relationship to the UK national. This may be:

- your marriage or civil partnership certificate; **or**
- a birth certificate showing your name and the UK national's name; **and**
- the marriage or civil partnership certificate if you or the UK national are a step-child.

For the direct descendants of UK nationals, the term 'child' means a person 'under the age of 21; or a dependant of the person or the person's spouse or civil partner.'

3.5 Settled or pre-settled status under the EU Settlement Scheme



If you have been granted settled or pre-settled status under the EU Settlement Scheme you need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

3.6 Child of a Swiss national



Your parent or step-parent must have settled or pre-settled status through the EU Settlement Scheme. You must have pre-settled status and be ordinarily resident in the UK, Gibraltar, the EEA or Switzerland for three years prior to the first day of your first academic year.



You must also send us your birth certificate or equivalent, as proof of your relationship.

To get student finance as the child of a Swiss national, your Swiss national parent must be resident in the UK on the first day of the academic year. We need a signed letter from your Swiss national parent stating their UK address, and that they live there on the first day of the academic year. They must also send one of the following documents:

- Bank statement.
- Payslip.
- Tenancy agreement/mortgage statement.
- Utility bill.
- Local authority correspondence.
- Government department correspondence.

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b2**.

3 Residence – continued

3.7 EEA or Swiss worker



My family member is my:

- husband, wife, civil partner;
- parent(s), step-parent;
- child or step-child (only applicable to EEA worker family members);
- other direct ascending or descending line family member (only applicable to EEA worker family members)

A direct descendant is defined as the biological child, grandchild, great-grandchild and so on, of a person. For example, you are a direct descendant of your mother, your grandmother, your great-grandmother, and so on.

A direct relative in the ascending line is defined as the biological parent, grandparent, great-grandparent and so on, of a person. You are a direct relative in the ascending line of your child, grandchild, great-grandchild, and so on.

To get student finance as the family member of an EEA or Swiss national who is working, has worked or is looking for work in the UK, you and your family member must have been granted pre-settled or settled status through the EU Settlement Scheme.

3 Residence – continued

3.7 EEA or Swiss worker - continued



As proof of your relationship, you must also send your birth certificate and/or marriage or civil partnership certificate.

As proof of the current employment status of the EEA or Swiss national, one of the following must be provided as evidence:

- a P60 or a letter from employer if currently working.
- audited accounts, tax returns or details of income if self-employed.
- a letter from employer confirming the intention to continue working whilst studying.
- P45, P60 or letter from previous employer if currently looking for work or previously worked in the UK.

If you are the parent or other direct ascending line relative of the worker you must be dependent on them.

For the direct descendants of EEA workers, the term 'child' means a person 'under the age of 21; or dependants of the person or the person's spouse or civil partner.' This does not apply in cases where the EEA worker parent has died or left the UK and the child is staying on in the UK to finish their education.

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b2**.

3 Residence – continued

3.8 Child of a Turkish worker



To get student finance as the child of a Turkish worker, your Turkish parent must be working in the UK on the first day of your course. You must be ordinarily resident in the UK, Gibraltar, the EEA, Switzerland or Turkey for three years prior to the first day of your first academic year.



You must also send us your birth certificate or equivalent.

As proof of your parent's employment in the UK, you must send their contract of employment.

You must also send the Home Office letter confirming your parent has extended leave to remain in the UK after 31 December 2020.

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b2**.

3.9 Afghan Relocation and Assistance Policy (ARAP), the Afghan Citizens Resettlement Scheme (ACRS) or the Afghanistan Response Route (ARR)



If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

Expiry date

If you were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).



If your family member was granted this leave

You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

Expiry date

If your:

- husband, wife, civil partner; or
- parent(s), step-parent

were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

Afghan Locally Employed Staff Ex-Gratia Scheme

This scheme was for previous employees of the UK government who resigned or were made redundant from their post. Afghan nationals relocated to the UK under this scheme are not eligible for student funding.

3 Residence – continued

3.10 Settled status



'Settled status' means that you can live in the UK permanently without the Home Office placing any restrictions on how long you may remain.

You are free from any restriction if any of the following apply:

- you are a British citizen;
- you have been granted 'indefinite leave to remain'; or
- you have a right of abode in the UK.

Further information about the right of permanent residence and other immigration issues can be obtained from the Home Office.

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

3.11 Ukraine Scheme



If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.



If your family member was granted this leave

You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

You must have been the spouse or civil partner of the person with leave on the date of the leave application.

If you're the child or step-child of the person with leave, you must have been the child or step-child on the date of leave application, and also under the age of 18 on that date.

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3.12 Refugee status



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of someone who has been granted this status, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of someone who has been granted this status, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application.

Expiry date

If you or your:

- husband, wife, civil partner; **or**
- parent(s), step-parent

were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3.13 Stateless Person



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of someone who has been granted this status, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of someone who has been granted this status, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application.

Expiry date

If you or your:

- husband, wife, civil partner; **or**
- parent(s), step-parent

were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3 Residence – continued

3.14 Leave to enter or remain



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of someone who has been granted this status, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of someone who has been granted this status, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application.

Expiry date

If you or your:

- husband, wife, civil partner; **or**
- parent(s), step-parent

were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b2**.

3.15 Humanitarian Protection



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of someone who has been granted this status, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of someone who has been granted this status, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application.

Expiry date

If you or your:

- husband, wife, civil partner; **or**
- parent(s), step-parent

were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3 Residence – continued

3.16 Section 67 of the Immigration Act 2016



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of a person granted leave to remain in the UK under Section 67 of the Immigration Act 2016, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

3.17 Calais leave



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

3 Residence – continued

3.18 Victim of domestic violence or abuse



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you or your parent/step-parent have been granted indefinite leave to enter or remain in the UK as a victim of domestic violence or abuse, you, or they, will have received a letter from the Home Office confirming this.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of a person granted indefinite leave to enter or remain as a victim of domestic violence, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

If your parent/step-parent was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3.19 Bereaved partner



You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you or your parent/step-parent have been granted indefinite leave to enter or remain in the UK as a person who has been a bereaved partner, you, or they, will have received a letter from the Home Office confirming this.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of a person granted leave to enter or remain as a bereaved partner, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

If your parent/step-parent was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.



If you answered 'No' to all the questions in this section, you are not eligible for student finance from Student Finance Wales. You may still be able to get Tuition Fee only funding if for example, you are an EU/EEA national or an Irish citizen. For more information on Fee Support only funding go to www.studentfinancewales.co.uk

3 Residence – continued

c2 Residency status
&
c3



You should provide your address details from the point your status was granted or up to a maximum of three years before the start of the academic year if your status was granted prior to that point.

Date study begins between	Date academic year begins
1 August until 31 December inclusive	1 September
1 January until 31 March inclusive	1 January
1 April until 30 June inclusive	1 April
1 July until 31 July inclusive	1 July

c5 Residency Status



We require this information because your family member's residence history may affect your eligibility for student finance. Make sure this person knows you are giving us their details.

If you were under 18 years old in the three years before the first day of the first academic year of your course, we need this information as we assume that you were resident in the same place as your parents. If they lived or worked outside of:

- the UK and Islands, or
- in the case of an EU, EEA or Swiss national, outside of the UK, Gibraltar, EEA or Switzerland

in the three years before the first day of the first academic year of your course, we'll ask for evidence to show that this was a temporary break in residence.

If you have a spouse or partner, we assume that you have been resident in the same place as them. If they lived or worked outside of:

- the UK and Islands, or
- in the case of an EU, EEA or Swiss national, outside of the UK, Gibraltar, EEA or Switzerland

in the three years before the first day of the first academic year of your course, we'll ask for evidence to show that this was a temporary break in residence.

4 About your university or college and course

4.8 Course credits



Each module you study is worth a number of credits. You should agree how many credits you'll study with your university or college.

If you can't confirm how many credits you'll be studying yet, we'll assess your application using the lowest amount of credits that can be studied on your course. You should contact us once you've agreed your credits with your university/college.

4.9 Tuition Fee amount charged



If you're not sure how much you're being charged for tuition fees, speak to your university or college to find out. You must specify an amount for your form to be accepted.

4.10 Initial Teacher Education



A part-time postgraduate Initial Teacher Education (ITE) course is a course taken after a first degree has been attained (Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE) and equivalent courses).

4.11 Erasmus+, Turing Scheme or ILE (Taith)



If you are undertaking a placement as part of the Turing Scheme, the Erasmus+ programme or the International Learning and Exchange Programme (ILE) (also known as Taith) you won't be eligible for tuition fees.

4.13 Distance learning for a reason related to a disability



If you're studying on a full-time distance learning course because you or your family member is currently serving in the Armed Forces outside of Wales, you **don't** have to send evidence of a disability.

4.14 Armed Forces



You may be eligible for support to study a distance learning course outside of Wales if you or your family member (who you live with) is currently serving outside Wales in one of the following:

- The Naval Service (Royal Navy and Royal Marines)
- The Army
- The Royal Air Force
- The Royal Military Police
- The Gurkhas

The following family members will be eligible students:

- a spouse, co-habiting partner or civil partner living with a member of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Wales
- a child, step-child or adoptive child under the age of 25 living with a member of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Wales
- a dependent parent living with either;
 - a child who is a member of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Wales
 - the child's spouse, co-habiting partner or civil partner who is a member of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Wales.



If you are in the Armed Forces

You need to send a letter confirming your name, your address (or BFPO address) and which country you were ordinarily resident in before you were based at your current location. It must also confirm the country you're currently based in.

If your family member is in the Armed Forces

You need to send a letter confirming the following:

- their name
- their address (or BFPO address)
- your name
- their relationship to you
- if they're based overseas or in the UK but outside Wales
- if you have been ordinarily resident in the UK, which country they were ordinarily resident in before they were based at their current location
- if you've never been ordinarily resident in the UK, which country they signed up for the Armed Forces in

The letter you send must be signed, stamped and dated by the Armed Forces Unit Records Office.

5 Your loan request

5.1 Loan payments

i We'll pay your Tuition Fee Loan directly to your university or college in three instalments within the academic year. Each instalment of your Tuition Fee Loan will be paid after we receive confirmation from your university or college that you're in attendance on your course. The maximum Tuition Fee Loan you can borrow depends on where you're studying

Loan liability

i You'll be liable for your Tuition Fee Loan two weeks after the first day of term 1, and at the start of terms 2 and 3, not the dates the instalments are paid to your university or college.

Liability	% of total Tuition Fee Loan that you'll be liable for
Term 1	25%
Term 2	50%
Term 3	100%

Interest

i Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan

5.2 Maintenance Loan

i This loan is paid in instalments directly to you and is to help cover your living costs throughout the academic year.

Eligibility

i You must be under the age of 60 on the first day of the first academic year of your course to be eligible for a Maintenance Loan. Check the table on page 18 to find out when your academic year starts.

Payment allocation

i We'll work out how much Welsh Government Learning Grant you can get first then the rest of your student finance will be awarded as a Maintenance Loan. If you request more Maintenance Loan than you're entitled to, we'll award you the lower amount.

Applying for a loan at a later date or changing the amount requested

i You can apply for a Maintenance Loan, or Tuition Fee Loan at any time in the academic year provided you are within the time limit. The time limit for applying is usually nine months from the start of your academic year. You can apply for a Maintenance Loan, or Tuition Fee Loan or change the amount you originally requested at www.studentfinancewales.co.uk

6 Dependent and independent students

6.3 Care of a child



Having the care of a person under the age of 18 means that you look after a child and the child lives with you, irrespective of your relationship with the child.



Send a copy of evidence that shows you have care of the child, for example, evidence that you are receiving Child Benefit, Child Tax Credit or the child element of Universal Credit.

6.4 Irreconcilable estrangement



You will normally be considered irreconcilably estranged from your parents if you have not had verbal or written contact with both of your biological or adoptive parents, or your only living parent before the start of your academic year, and this will not change.

You will not be considered irreconcilably estranged from your parents because:

- you do not get on with your parents;
- you do not live with them;
- your parents do not want to give details of their income; or
- your parents choose not to provide you with financial support.

In the legal care of a local authority or under a special guardianship order



If you have been in the custody or legal care of a Local Authority, or under a special guardianship order at any point between the ages of 14 and 16 (before the start of your course) but have been back in the legal care of your parents, you will still be considered independent.

You should only send us evidence of your household income if you're applying for any grants for dependants, such as Parents' Learning Allowance (PLA) and Adult Dependants' Grant (ADG).

6 Dependent and independent students - continued

6.5 Self-support



To be considered as supporting yourself financially you must have been meeting your own living costs for at least 3 years (this does not have to be 3 consecutive years) from any of the following sources:

- Income from employment;
- Benefits;
- State studentships;
- Scholarships, exhibitions and bursaries.

You would not be considered as supporting yourself financially if you are meeting living costs from money paid by a parent.



A photocopy of your P60s or benefit information.

7 Student financial questions

7.1 Unearned income



You may be asked to confirm any estimated income at a later date.

If your actual income is different from your estimated income we will reassess your entitlement to student finance. This may change the level of financial support you receive.

When working out your taxable unearned income, you should not include:

- earnings from full or part-time work such as holiday work or work you do during term-time;
- any Maintenance Loan or grant payments you may receive;
- payments you receive from your parents under a covenant;
- maintenance payments you expect to receive for your children. These maintenance payments should be included as part of your children's income in question 8c;
- Teacher Training Bursaries;
- Higher Education Bursary (for care leavers);
- bounties paid by the armed services to reservists or disablement or invalidity pensions; or
- ISAs.

7.2.1 Payments from an employer



You should only provide an amount here if you are being released from employment by your employer to attend your course. If this is the case, you should only include salary or wages that you will receive from that employer for days you are actually attending your course and have been released from your employment to do so. Any earnings from salary or wages entered here may affect your student finance entitlement.

Do not provide any amount here if you are a student who is working while studying but have not been specifically released by your employer to attend your course.

7 Student financial questions - continued

7.3 Dependent children



You must include any income the child received from working, interest earned on savings, investments and any maintenance payments you received for your children as part of their income in this question.

Don't include income from sources such as Child Benefit, Child Tax Credit, child element of Universal Credit, Government Child Trust or minimal sums of money from other sources when entering a child dependant's income.


If your child dependants' income will be at least 15% less than it was in tax year 2024-25 you can apply for a current year income assessment. This means we would use their expected income for tax year 2026-27 instead of their actual income for 2024-25 when working out your grant entitlement. If you want to be assessed using expected income for tax year 2026-27 use the additional notes pages at the back of the form to give us details.

Child's income




Send photocopies of evidence showing child's income from all sources after tax and National Insurance contributions in tax year 2024-25.

9 Special Support

You will be assessed for Special Support once we have received evidence to show you are eligible. If you do not have the evidence now, you should still send your application and send the evidence as soon as you have it. 

For more information about Special Support go to www.studentfinancewales.co.uk

You can also apply for Special Support if you are a lone foster parent of a child, or young person aged under 20 who is in full-time education below higher education level. 

Special Support category	Evidence item(s) required
You are a lone parent (or a lone foster parent) of a child, or young person aged under 20 who is in full-time education below higher education level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Copies of evidence showing Child Benefit, Child Tax Credit or the child element of Universal Credit, for all children named.
You have a partner who is also a full-time student, and one or both of you has care of a child or young person under 20 who is in full time education below higher education level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Copies of evidence showing Child Benefit, Child Tax Credit or the child element of Universal Credit, for all children named, and A letter confirming your partner is a student if they have not applied for student finance.
You have a disability and qualify for the Disability Premium or Severe Disability Premium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evidence to show you qualify for Disability Premium or Severe Disability Premium, or Evidence to show you qualify for one of the following benefits: Disability Living Allowance Disabled Person's Tax Credit Attendance Allowance Constant Attendance Allowance War Pensioners Mobility Supplement Severe Disablement Allowance Incapacity Benefit
You are deaf and qualify for Disabled Students' Allowance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medical evidence of your disability, if you have not applied for Disabled Students' Allowance.
You have been treated as incapable of work for a continuous period of at least 28 weeks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Letter from Jobcentre Plus confirming you receive long term incapacity benefits, or Letter from your doctor confirming you are incapable of work.
You have a disability and qualify for income-related Employment and Support Allowance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Letter from Jobcentre Plus to confirm you are eligible for Employment Support Allowance (ESA) due to a disability, or ESA entitlement letter and proof of your disability, for example a letter from your doctor.

9 Special Support - continued

Special Support category	Evidence item(s) required
You are waiting to go back to a course after illness or caring responsibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letter from university or college to confirm suspension from your course was authorised, and • Evidence of illness or need to care for another individual.
You're aged 60 or over	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You don't need to send any more evidence. The information or evidence you provide to confirm your identity will prove you're aged 60 or over.
You are entitled to Housing Benefit or the housing element of Universal Credit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Photocopy of entitlement letter dated after your course start date, confirming you're eligible to receive Housing Benefit or the housing element of Universal Credit whilst studying.
You are entitled to a Personal Independence Payment (PIP) or You are entitled to Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evidence from the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) to confirm you are entitled to either of these payments.
You are entitled to an Armed Forces Independence Payment (AFIP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evidence from the Service Personnel and Veterans Agency (SPVA) or DWP to confirm you are entitled to this payment.

10 About your family

Dependent students



If you are a dependent student, the following family members count for the purpose of income assessment:

- your natural or adoptive parents, if both of them live with you.
- your parent and their partner, if they have one.

Your parent's partner is defined as:

- your stepmother or stepfather; or
- your parent's opposite or same sex partner if they live together as though they were married or in a civil partnership.

Independent students



If you are an independent student, only your partner, if you have one, counts for the purpose of income assessment.

Your partner is defined as:

- your husband, wife or civil partner;
- your opposite or same sex partner, if you live with your partner as though you were married or in a civil partnership.

12 Financial details for tax year 2024-25 for parents and partners

What happens if my household income has changed since tax year 2024-25?

If your total household income (before tax) for the tax year 2026-27 will be at least 15% less than it was in tax year 2024-25, still complete this section as well as completing a 'Current Year Income Assessment Form'.

You can download the form at: www.studentfinancewales.co.uk and return it with this application.



Please note that a current year income assessment cannot be carried out unless you provide your financial details for the 2024-25 tax year.

Part B - Data sharing and you

We will check your National Insurance (NI) number with HM Revenue & Customs. This information will be kept securely and held strictly under the provisions of the applicable data protection legislation in the UK.

If you don't have an NI number you must provide copies of your financial documents.

If you didn't have any income for the tax year 2024-25, you need to provide:

- a letter from you confirming that you had no income for the tax year 2024-25; or
- a letter from any third parties who were supporting you during the tax year (such as a partner)

The letter must be signed and dated in order for it to be accepted.

Part C - Other income for tax year 2024-25

Please give financial information for tax year 2024-25. Normally, this is the year ending 5 April 2025, but may differ if your employer or business has a tax year which does not end in April.

For any income paid in a foreign currency, please state the equivalent in pounds sterling

Q1 Income in the UK that HMRC doesn't know about

You may have earned under the threshold to declare this income to HMRC, but this will still be used to calculate the student's entitlement.

12 Financial details – continued

Part D - Overseas Income for tax year 2024-25

Q1 Income from overseas that you haven't already told HMRC about

You only have to tell us about any income earned overseas that you have not already disclosed to HMRC as part of your self-assessment.

a Total income from salary/wages/self-employment

You'll need to provide copies of your tax documents from the relevant country confirming the income amount for the 2024-25 tax year.

b Total income from state benefits

You'll need to provide copies of your benefits documents, from the relevant country, confirming the total taxable benefit(s) you received for the 2024-25 tax year.

c Total income from occupational, private or state pension(s)

You'll need to provide copies of your pension documents, from the relevant country, confirming the total taxable pension(s) amount you received for the 2024-25 tax year.

Part E - Income deductions

If you did not pay any private pension contributions or additional voluntary contributions

You don't need to provide evidence of this.

If you paid any private pension contributions or additional voluntary contributions

The evidence you need to provide can be found in the table below.

Deduction type	Evidence required
Private pension contribution	Tax Return (all pages) or Statement from Pension Provider
Additional voluntary contribution (AVC)	Confirmation from DWP of Amount of Pension Paid, Tax Return (all pages) or a P60

Part F - Your dependents

Academic year

You should provide the child dependant's income for the academic year. The academic year is determined by when the student begins their study.

Student's study begins between	Academic year
1 August 2026 and 31 December 2026 inclusive	1 September 2026 to 31 August 2027
1 January 2027 and 31 March 2027 inclusive	1 January 2027 to 31 December 2027
1 April 2027 and 30 June 2027 inclusive	1 April 2027 to 31 March 2028
1 July 2027 and 31 July 2027 inclusive	1 July 2027 to 30 June 2028

Q1 Child dependants not in further or higher education

The child dependant's income is required to assess the eligibility for the deductions in the calculation of household income for each child that is wholly or mainly financially dependent on the student, the student's husband, wife or partner or the student's parents or step-parents. You can find out more information about how household information is calculated by visiting www.studentfinancewales.co.uk

Please do not include income from sources such as the Government Child Trust, State Child Benefit, Child Tax Credit, the child element of Universal Credit or minimal sums of money from other sources when entering a child dependant's income.

Declaration for parents and partners

If any person(s) named in section 12 cannot sign the form it must be signed on their behalf by their attorney. The Power of Attorney letter must be sent with the application before a signature from that attorney will be accepted.

Changes of circumstance

You must notify the SLC about any change in your circumstances, which may affect the student's entitlement to financial support.

The most common change of circumstance would be if:

- your household income changes; or
- your marital status changes.

Information about data sharing for bursary and scholarship purposes

Universities and colleges will be offering financial awards such as bursaries or scholarships to their students. To help them administer these awards (i.e. to determine eligibility and entitlement to, and if relevant pay, a bursary or scholarship – 'bursary administration purposes') they will ask the Welsh Ministers or the SLC for access to information you provide in connection with any application for student finance for academic year 2026/27 (whether on this form or at a later date)

Privacy Notice

SLC and the Welsh Government are joint Data Controllers under the Data Protection Legislation. We hold information for the purposes specified in our notification to the Information Commissioner including determining eligibility for student finance, assessing the maximum amount of financial support available, payment of student finance and the detection and prevention of fraud, and may use this information for any of these.

For further details about the way your information is used, who is responsible for it and the rights you have in connection with it, please refer to our full Privacy Notice available online at www.studentfinancewales.co.uk/privacynotice

If you don't have internet access, please call us on **0300 200 4050** and we can send a copy to you.

Power of Attorney



If you can't sign the form it must be signed on your behalf by your attorney. To grant a person Power of Attorney, you need to fill in a legal form giving their name, the specific period for which they can act on your behalf, and the specific tasks that they can perform. The Power of Attorney letter must be sent with the application before a signature from that attorney will be accepted.

Privacy Notice



The Student Loans Company (SLC) and the Welsh Government are joint Data Controllers under the Data Protection Legislation. We hold information for the purposes specified in our notification to the Information Commissioner including determining eligibility for student finance, assessing the maximum amount of financial support available, payment of student finance and the detection and prevention of fraud, and may use this information for any of these.

For further details about the way your information is used, who is responsible for it and the rights you have in connection with it, please refer to our full Privacy Notice available online at

www.studentfinancewales.co.uk/privacynotice

If you don't have internet access, please call us on **0300 200 4050** and we can send a copy to you.

Data sharing for bursary and scholarship purposes



You may be eligible for a bursary or scholarship. In order for a university or college to determine and pay any bursary or scholarship to which you may be entitled, we may share some of your personal, financial and course details as well as information about your eligibility for student finance with them. For more information about this, read our Privacy Notice.

Next steps in your student finance journey

1

You complete and return your application form to us, along with any evidence, as soon as possible.

**You're
here**

2

We process your application. If any information is missing or incorrect we'll get in touch. Once we have all the information we need, we'll send you a Student Finance Entitlement letter.

3

You show your Student Finance Entitlement letter to your university or college (if they ask to see it).

4

We pay your Tuition Fee Loan directly to your university or college after they tell us that you're attending your course (if applicable).

We pay your Welsh Government Learning Grant and/or Maintenance Loan to you.